

## Maths Geometry Progression at Meanwood C of E Primary School



OLID DIGITILITY CLID II			CURIFOR						
CURRICULUM SUBJI		laths		Catherine Bowie					
		eometry	LEADS:						
What are the Y6 end	What are the Y6 end of school end goals? To have a solid understanding of number and be confident using number in everyday situations								
		use basic maths to solve problems that involve application and thought							
			To not fear maths and to see it as a gateway to improving understanding of the wider world						
			be able to use a range of strategies which provide recognised, reasonable solutions						
	To have a can-do attitude to maths and be resilient when faced with difficult challenges								
How is the curriculu	How is the curriculum at Meanwood C of E Primary School sequenced towards these end points?								
Geometry									
2D Shape									
EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6			
<ul> <li>Recognise circles and triangles, composing and decomposing these shapes</li> <li>Learn squares and rectangle have 4 straight sides and 4 corners</li> <li>Autumn</li> </ul>	recognise and name common 2- D shapes [for example, rectangles (including squares), circles and triangles]  Autumn 3	_	• draw 2-D shap Summer 4	• compare and classify geometric shapes, including quadrilaterals and triangles, based on their properties and sizes • identify lines of symmetry in 2-D shapes presented in different orientations  Summer 4	distinguish     between regular     and irregular     polygons based     on reasoning     about equal sides     and angles. • use     the properties of     rectangles to     deduce related     facts and find     missing lengths     and angles  Summer 1	draw 2-D shapes using given dimensions and angles • compare and classify geometric shapes based on their properties and sizes • illustrate and name parts of circles, including radius, diameter and circumference and know that the diameter is twice the radius  Summer 1			
3D Shape									
<ul> <li>Matching objects</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>recognise and</li> </ul>	_	• make 3-D shap		<ul> <li>identify 3-D</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>recognise,</li> </ul>			
and building with	name common 3-	common 3-D shapes [for	using modellir	ng	shapes, including	describe and			
3d shapes (cubes,	D shapes [for	example, cuboids	materials;		cubes and other	build simple 3-D			
cuboids, cylinders,	example, cuboids	(including cubes),	recognise 3-D						



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cones and spheres) Spring	(including cubes), pyramids and spheres] Autumn 3	pyramids and spheres] • compare and sort common 3-D shapes and everyday objects	shapes in different orientations and describe them		cuboids, from 2-D representations <b>Summer 1</b>	shapes, including making nets Summer 1
		Autumn 3	Summer 4 ngles and Lines			
			recognise angles as a property of shape or a description of a turn • identify right angles, recognise that two right angles make a half-turn, three make three quarters of a turn and four a complete turn; identify whether angles are greater than or less than a right angle • identify horizontal and vertical lines and pairs of perpendicular and parallel lines  Summer 4	identify acute and obtuse angles and compare and order angles up to two right angles by size • identify lines of symmetry in 2-D shapes presented in different orientations • complete a simple symmetric figure with respect to a specific line of symmetry  Summer 4	<ul> <li>know angles are measured in degrees: estimate and compare acute, obtuse and reflex angles</li> <li>draw given angles, and measure them in degrees</li> <li>identify:         <ul> <li>angles at a point and one whole turn (total 360°)</li> <li>angles at a point on a straight line and ½ a turn (total 180°)</li> <li>other multiples of 90°</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>find unknown angles in any triangles, quadrilaterals, and regular polygons</li> <li>recognise angles where they meet at a point, are on a straight line, or are vertically opposite, and find missing angles</li> <li>Summer 1</li> </ul>
					Summer 1	



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Position and Direction							
manipulate shapes to develop spatial reasoning skills  Summer  direction and movement, including whole, half, quarter and three-quarter turns  Summer 3  summer 3  combinations of mathematical objects in patterns and sequences  use mathematical vocabulary to describe position, direction and movement, including movement in a straight line and distinguishing between rotation as a turn and in terms of right angles for quarter, half and three-quarter turns (clockwise and anti- clockwise)  Summer 4	<ul> <li>describe positions on a 2-D grid as coordinates in the first quadrant</li> <li>describe movements between positions as translations of a given unit to the left/right and up/down</li> <li>plot specified points and draw sides to complete a given polygon</li> <li>Summer 6</li> </ul>	identify, describe and represent the position of a shape following a reflection or translation, using the appropriate language, and know that the shape has not changed  Summer 2	<ul> <li>describe         positions on the         full coordinate         grid (all four         quadrants)</li> <li>draw and         translate simple         shapes on the         coordinate plane,         and reflect them         in the axes</li> <li>Summer 2</li> </ul>				